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## IN THE SENATE

## SENATE BILL NO. 1252, As Amended

## BY STATE AFFAIRS COMMITTEE

ı	AN ACI
2	RELATING TO WORKER'S COMPENSATION; AMENDING SECTION 72-301, IDAHO CODE, TO
3	REVISE PROVISIONS RELATING TO SECURITY FOR PAYMENT OF COMPENSATION; AND
4	AMENDING CHAPTER 3, TITLE 72, IDAHO CODE, BY THE ADDITION OF A NEW SEC-
5	TION 72-301A, IDAHO CODE, TO PROVIDE ALTERNATIVE SECURITY REQUIREMENTS
5	FOR CERTAIN SELF-INSURED EMPLOYERS UNDER THE STATE WORKER'S COMPENSA-
7	TION LAWS AND TO PROVIDE FOR RULES BY THE INDUSTRIAL COMMISSION.

Be It Enacted by the Legislature of the State of Idaho:

SECTION 1. That Section 72-301, Idaho Code, be, and the same is hereby amended to read as follows:

- 72-301. SECURITY FOR PAYMENT OF COMPENSATION. (1) Every employer shall secure the payment of compensation under this law in one (1) of the following ways:
  - $(\frac{1}{4})$  By insuring and keeping insured with a policy of worker's compensation insurance as defined in section 41-506(d), Idaho Code, the payment of compensation with any insurer, as defined in section 41-103, Idaho Code, authorized by the director of the department of insurance to transact such insurance, provided, that every public employer shall insure its liability for payment of compensation with the state insurance fund unless such fund shall refuse to accept the risk when the application for insurance is made; or
  - An employer may become self-insured by obtaining the approval of the industrial commission, and by depositing and maintaining in a custodial account with the commission state treasurer money or acceptable security instruments satisfactory to the commission securing the payment by said employer of compensation according to the terms of this Such acceptable security may consist of instruments are bonds, treasury bills, interest-bearing notes or other obligations of the United States for which the full faith and credit of the United States is pledged for the payment of principal and interest. In lieu of such money or security instruments, the commission may allow or require such employer to file or maintain with the state treasurer a surety bond or guaranty contract with any company authorized to transact surety insurance in Idaho. The commission shall adopt rules governing the qualifications of self-insured employers, the nature and amount of security to be deposited and maintained with the commission state treasurer, and the conditions under which an employer may continue to be self-insured.
- (2) No insurer shall be permitted to transact worker's compensation insurance covering the liability of employers under this law unless it shall have been authorized to do business under the laws of this state and until it shall have received the approval of the commission. To the end that the workers secured under this law shall be adequately protected, the commis-

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sion shall require such insurer to deposit and maintain in a custodial account with the state treasurer of the state money or bonds acceptable security instruments of the United States or of this state, or interest-paying bonds when they are at or above par, or any other state of the United States or the District of Columbia, or the bonds of any county or municipal corporation of this or any other state of the United States or the District of Columbia in an amount equal to the total amounts of all outstanding and unpaid compensation awards against such insurer. Acceptable security instruments are bonds, treasury bills, interest-bearing notes or other obligations of the United States for which the full faith and credit of the United States is pledged for the payment of principal and interest. In lieu of such money or bonds security instruments, the commission may allow or require such insurer to file or maintain with the state treasurer of the state a surety bond of some company or companies authorized to do business in this state for and in the amounts equaling the total unpaid compensation awards against such insurer.

- (3) When an insurer has been placed in liquidation, any security being held in a custodial account with the state treasurer under this section shall be converted into cash and transferred into the insolvent insurer fund created in subsection (4) of this section. Such funds shall continue to be held for the purpose of securing any future claims made against the insolvent insurer under this law or until released by the commission to the liquidator, if one exists, or to the insurer's state of domicile, as provided herein. Interest earned on moneys deposited in the insolvent insurer fund shall be credited, pro rata, to the account balance of security being held to answer claims made under this law against an insolvent insurer. Moneys deposited in the insolvent insurer fund may be used to pay the reasonable costs or expenses charged by any financial institution holding such funds on deposit for the state treasurer. Any balance in funds remaining on deposit in the insolvent insurer fund to answer the claims of an insolvent insurer after discharge of that insurer's liquidator may be transferred to the liquidator, if one still exists, or to the liquidated insurer's state of domicile, at such time as the commission determines that said security is no longer required to be held by the state treasurer for the purposes of this law.
- (4) There is hereby created in the state treasury the insolvent insurer fund. Moneys in the fund are hereby continuously appropriated for the purposes set forth in the provisions of this section. Interest earned on moneys in the fund shall be returned to the fund.
- (5) The approval by the commission of any insurer or self-insured employer may be withdrawn if it shall appear to the commission that workers secured thereby under this law are not fully protected.
- SECTION 2. That Chapter 3, Title 72, Idaho Code, be, and the same is hereby amended by the addition thereto of a  $\underline{\text{NEW SECTION}}$ , to be known and designated as Section 72-301A, Idaho Code, and to read as follows:
- 72-301A. ALTERNATIVE MEANS OF SECURING SELF-INSURANCE. The provisions of section 72-301, Idaho Code, with respect to security, shall be met alternatively, by the employer demonstrating to the commission that security for its self-insured worker's compensation program is covered by a cost reimbursement contract with the federal government for work performed in

connection with the Idaho national laboratory including research, development, demonstration, testing, national security, defense, environmental cleanup or waste management if the cost reimbursement contract provides for the payment as otherwise required in this chapter. An employer that becomes self-insured under this section is not required to provide and maintain a security deposit, is not required to have a payroll history and is not required to have excess insurance coverage. In addition, because of the federal government reimbursement, the employer's self-insurance program includes coverage for claims for events taking place before the effective date of the self-insured program, and no separate coverage or deposit for such claims is required.

The commission shall promulgate rules governing the administration of employer self-insurance under this section.